

Date: 3rd June 2024
Our ref: FOI/24/012730/I

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST REFERENCE NO: FOI/24/012730/I

I write in connection with your request for information dated 02/06/2024, received by Greater Manchester Police (GMP) for the following information:

Hi, I am requesting information of police records of visits to the land located at the rear of **REDACTED**
REDACTED

The records would either be on the address **REDACTED** *or on any of the named occupants below:*

REDACTED
REDACTED
REDACTED

Result of Searches

This Act provides the public with a general right of access to recorded information held by public authorities. However, information disclosed under this Act is effectively released into the public domain, or to the 'wider world', and not only to the person making the request. In cases where the public request information relating to individuals, it would be extremely rare for a public authority to release such information to the whole world under the terms of the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

Therefore, in accordance with the Act, this letter represents a refusal notice for this request.

Greater Manchester Police can neither confirm nor deny that it holds the information you requested as the duty in Section 1(1)(a) of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 does not apply, by virtue of the following exemptions:

Section 40(5)(b)(i) - Personal Information – giving information to a member of the public of the confirmation or denial that would have to be given to comply with section 1(1)(a) would (apart from this Act) contravene any of the data protection principles of the Data Protection Act 2018.

To confirm that any information is held or not, could confirm personal data. In some circumstances confirming or denying whether information is held could itself identify a living individual and would therefore breach the principles of the Data Protection Act 2018.

Personal data is defined by Section 1 of the Data Protection Act 2018 and means data that relates to an individual who can be identified directly or indirectly from that data.

This use of neither confirm nor deny should not be taken as proof that such information does or does not exist.