

Date: 17/09/2025
Our ref: 01/FOI/25/015407/L

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUEST REFERENCE NO: 01/FOI/25/015407/L

I write in connection with your request for information dated 27/08/2025, received by Greater Manchester Police (GMP) for the following information:

REQUEST 1:

How many times in the last five years.....

- 1. Have the police arrested an individual for making reports to the IOPC?**
- 2. How many times have they been charged for this?**

REQUEST 2:

How many times did the police visit [REDACTED] on

- **16 Jun 2025**
- **17 Jun 2025**
- **18 Jun 2025 (this date is now broken down to times)**
- **18 Jun 2025 between 00:00 and 06:00**
- **18 Jun 2025 between 06:00 and 12:00**
- **18 Jun 2025 between 12:00 and 16:00**
- **18 Jun 2025 between 16:00 and 22:00**

Please may I have collar numbers of all officers who attend [REDACTED] on these dates and times please

REQUEST 3:

***What would you like to know?: What station do [REDACTED]
work at e.g. Bolton, Wigan, Leigh, etc***

Result of Searches

Following receipt of your request searches were conducted within Greater Manchester Police (GMP) to locate the requested information and I can confirm some of the information requested is held by GMP.

Request 1.

No information held.

Request 2 and Request 3.

The Freedom of Information Act provides the public with a general right of access to recorded information held by public authorities. However, information disclosed under this Act is effectively released into the public domain, or to the 'wider world', and not only to the person making the request. In cases where the public request information relating to individuals, it would be extremely rare for a public authority to release such information to the whole world under the terms of the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

Therefore, in accordance with the Act, this letter represents a refusal notice for this question.

Greater Manchester Police can neither confirm nor deny that it holds the information you requested as the duty in Section 1(1)(a) of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 does not apply, by virtue of the following exemption:

Section 40(5B)(a)(i) - Personal Information – giving information to a member of the public of the confirmation or denial that would have to be given to comply with section 1(1)(a) would (apart from this Act) contravene any of the principles of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018.

To confirm that any information is held or not, could confirm personal data. In some circumstances confirming or denying whether information is held could itself identify a living individual and would therefore breach the principles of the GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.

Personal data is defined by Article 4 of the GDPR and Part 1 of the Data Protection Act 2018, and means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person ('data subject'). An identified natural person is one who can be identified directly or indirectly from that data.

This use of neither confirm nor deny should not be taken as proof that such information does or does not exist.